

MH233 Hall-effect sensor is a temperature stable, stress-resistant, Low Tolerance of Sensitivity Ultra-power switch. Superior high-temperature performance is made possible through a dynamic offset cancellation that utilizes chopper-stabilization. This method reduces the offset voltage normally caused by device over molding, temperature dependencies, and thermal stress.

MH233 is special made for low operation voltage, 2.7V, to active the chip which is includes the following on a single silicon chip: voltage regulator, Hall voltage generator, small-signal amplifier, chopper stabilization, Schmitt trigger, CMOS output driver. Advanced CMOS wafer fabrication processing is used to take advantage of low-voltage requirements, component matching, very low input-offset errors, and small component geometries. This device can be operated on not only unipolar S or N, but omnipolar magnetic field.

The package type is in a Halogen Free version has been verified by third party Lab.

### Features and Benefits

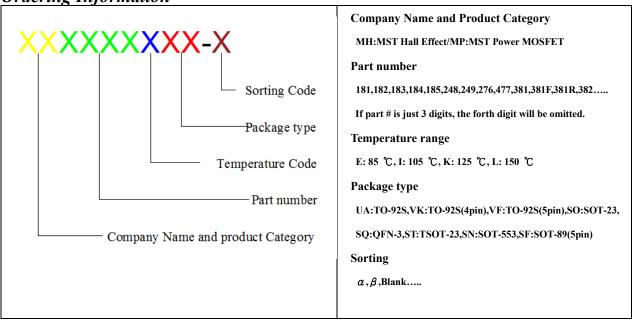
- CMOS Hall IC Technology
- Strong RF noise protection
- 2.7 to 5.5V for battery-powered applications
- Omni polar, output switches with absolute value of North or South pole from magnet
- Operation down to 2.7V, Micro power consumption
- High Sensitivity for reed switch replacement applications
- Low sensitivity drift in crossing of Temp. rang
- Multi Small Size option
- Ultra low power consumption at 1.6uA (Avg)
- High ESD Protection, HBM  $> \pm 4$ KV( min )
- Operation with South Pole (OUT1) or North Pole (OUT2)
- Totem-pole output
- RoHS compliant 2011/65/EU and Halogen Free

### **Applications**

- Solid state switch
- Handheld wireless Handset Awake Switch(Flip Cell/PHS Phone/Note Book/Flip Video Set)
- Magnet proximity sensor for reed switch replacement in low duty cycle applications
- Water Meter
- PDA
- Tab PC
- Security
- Smart meter
- 3C
- TWS



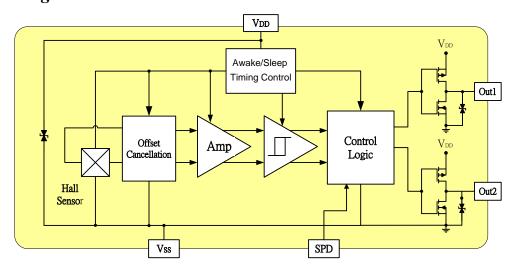
**Ordering Information** 



Part No.	Temperature Suffix	Package Type
MH233NEUA	E $(-40$ °C to $+85$ °C)	UA (TO-92S)
MH233SEUA	$E (-40^{\circ}C \text{ to} + 85^{\circ}C)$	UA (TO-92S)
MH233NEST	$E (-40^{\circ}C \text{ to} + 85^{\circ}C)$	ST (TSOT-23)
MH233SEST	E $(-40^{\circ}\text{C to} + 85^{\circ}\text{C})$	ST (TSOT-23)
MH233ESD	E(-40°C to +85°C)	SD (DFN2*2-6L)
MH233ESS	$E \left(-40^{\circ}C \text{ to } + 85^{\circ}C\right)$	SS (QFN1x1-4L)

Custom sensitivity selection is available by MST sorting technology

### Functional Diagram



Note: Static sensitive device; please observe ESD precautions. Reverse  $V_{DD}$  protection is not included. For reverse voltage protection, a  $100\Omega$  resistor in series with  $V_{DD}$  is recommended.

MH233,  $HBM > \pm 4KV$  which is verified by third party lab.



Absolute Maximum Ratings At(Ta=25°C)

Characteristics		Values	Unit
Supply voltage, $(V_{DD})$		6.0	V
Output Voltage, (Vout)		6.0	V
Magnetic flux density		Unlimited	Gauss
Output current, ( <i>Iour</i> )		5	mA
Operating temperature range, ( <i>Ta</i> )		-40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature range, ( <i>Ts</i> )		-65 to +150	°C
Maximum Junction Temp, ( <i>Tj</i> )		150	°C
Thermal Resistance	$(\theta_{JA})$ UA/ST/SS/SD	206/543/300/160	°C/A
	$(\theta_{JC})$ UA/ST/SS/SD	148/410/52/35	°C/A
Package Power Dissipation, (P <sub>D</sub> ) UA/ST/SS/SD		606/230/416/780	mW

**Note:** Exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## **Electrical Specifications**

DC Operating Parameters: Ta=25°C, V<sub>DD</sub>=3.0V

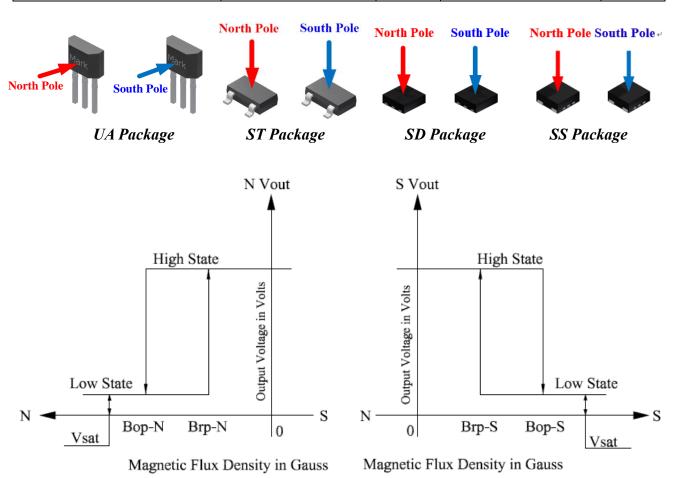
Parameters	<b>Test Conditions</b>	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Supply Voltage, $(V_{DD})$	Operating	2.7		5.5	V
	Awake State		1.2		mA
Supply Current,( <i>I</i> <sub>DD</sub> )	Sleep State		1.3		μΑ
	Average(SPD=Hi)		1.6/(135)		μΑ
Output High Voltage, $(V_{OH})$	IOUT=1.0mA(Source)	VDD-0.2			V
Output Low Voltage, $(V_{OL})$	IOUT=1.0mA(Sink)			0.2	V
Awake mode time, ( <i>Taw</i> )	Operating		16		uS
Sleep mode time, (TSL)	Operating (SPD=Hi)		64/(0.128)		mS
Duty Cycle, (D,C)	(SPD=Hi)		0.025/(12.5)		%
Response Time, (TRES)	(SPD=Hi)		14/(6.5k)		Hz
Electro-Static Discharge	HBM	4			KV
Operate Point, BOPS (Output S)	B>BOPS,	50		90	Gauss
Release Point, BRPS (Output S)	B <brps,< td=""><td>40</td><td></td><td>80</td><td>Gauss</td></brps,<>	40		80	Gauss
Operate Point, BOPN (Output N)	B <bopn,< td=""><td>-90</td><td></td><td>-50</td><td>Gauss</td></bopn,<>	-90		-50	Gauss
Release Point, BRPN (Output N)	B>BRPN,	-80		-40	Gauss
Hysteresis, (BHYS)	BOPX - BRPX		10		Gauss



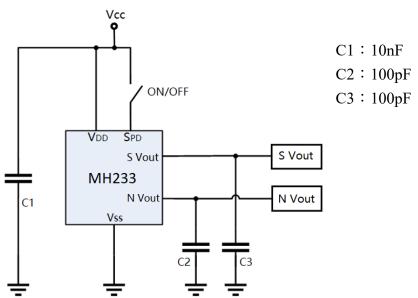
# MH233NEUA/SEUA/NEST/SEST/ESS/ESD Output Behavior versus Magnetic Polar

DC Operating Parameters: Ta = -40 to  $85^{\circ}$ C,  $V_{DD} = 2.7V$  to 5.5V

Parameter	Test condition	S vout	Test condition	N Vout
South pole	$B > B_{OPS}$	Low		High
Null or weak magnetic field	$B=0 \text{ or } B < B_{RPS}$	High	$B=0 \text{ or } B > B_{RPN}$	High
North pole		High	$B < B_{OPN}$	Low



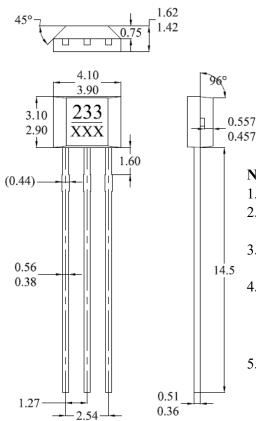
# Typical application circuit



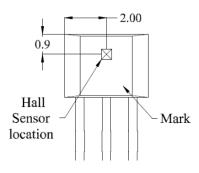


### Sensor Location, package dimension and marking

### **MH233SEUA Package**



#### **Hall Chip location**



#### **NOTES:**

- 1. Controlling dimension: mm
- 2.Leads must be free of flash and plating voids
- 3.Do not bend leads within 1 mm of lead to package interface.
- 4.PINOUT:

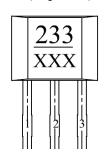
Pin 1	VCC
Pin 2	GND
Pin 3	Output

5. XXX;  $1^{st}$  X=Year;  $2^{nd}$  and  $3^{rd}$ 

XX=Week

### **Output Pin Assignment**

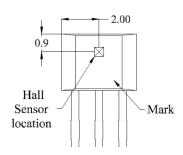
(Top view)



### **MH233NEUA Package**

# 4.10 3.90 233 3.10 0.557 2.90 XXX 0.457 1.60 (0.44)0.56 14.5 0.38 0.51 1.27 0.36

### Hall Chip location



### **NOTES:**

- 1.Controlling dimension: mm
- 2.Leads must be free of flash and plating voids
- 3.Do not bend leads within 1 mm of lead to package interface.
- 4.PINOUT:

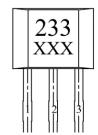
Pin 1 VCC Pin 2 GND Pin 3 Output

5. XXX; 1<sup>st</sup> X=Year;

2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> XX=Week

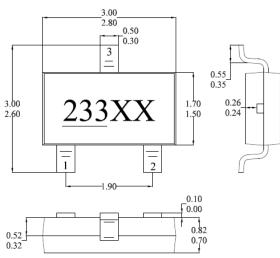
### **Output Pin Assignment**

(Top view)





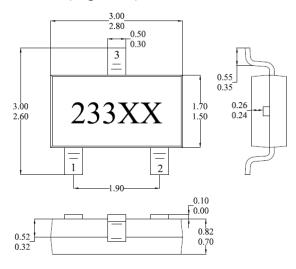
# MH233SEST Package (Top View)



#### **NOTES:**

- 1. PINOUT (See Top View at left:)
  - $Pin \ 1 \qquad V_{DD}$
  - Pin 2 Output
  - Pin 3 GND
- 2. Controlling dimension: mm
- 3. Lead thickness after solder plating will be 0.254mm maximum
- 4. XX: Date Code, Refer to DC table

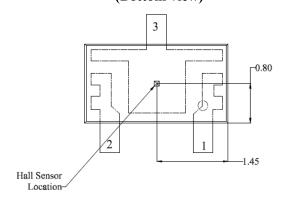
# MH233NEST Package (Top View)



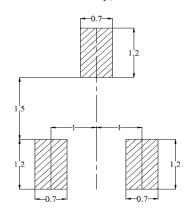
#### **NOTES:**

- 1. PINOUT (See Top View at left:)
  - Pin 1  $V_{DD}$
  - Pin 2 Output
  - Pin 3 GND
- 2. Controlling dimension: mm
- 3. Lead thickness after solder plating will be 0.254mm maximum
- 4. XX: Date Code, Refer to DC table

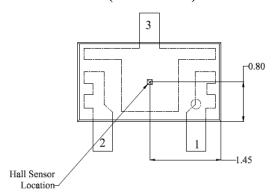
# Hall Plate Chip Location (Bottom view)



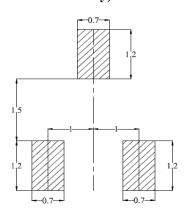
#### (For reference only)Land Pattern



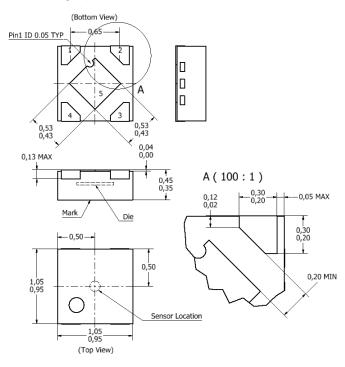
# Hall Plate Chip Location (Bottom view)



### (For reference only)Land Pattern



### **SS Package (DFN 1.0\*1.0-4L)**



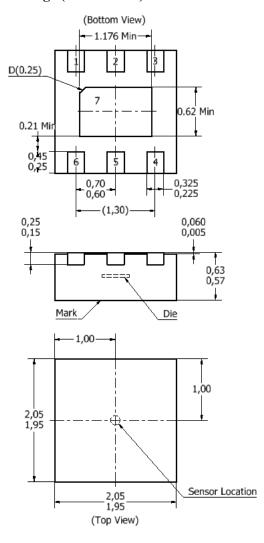
#### **NOTES:**

Controlling dimension: mm

- 1. Leads must be free of flash and plating voids
- 2. Lead thickness after solder plating will be 0.254mm maximum
- 3. PINOUT:

Pin No.	Pin Name	Function
1	$ m V_{DD}$	Power Supply
2	$ m V_{SS}$	Ground
3	S Vout	Output1
4	N Vout	Output2
5	PAD	NC

### SD Package (DFN2\*2-6L)



#### **NOTES:**

- 1. Controlling dimension: mm
- 2. Leads must be free of flash and plating voids
- 3. Lead thickness after solder plating will be 0.254mm maximum
- 4. PINOUT:

Pin No.	Pin Name	Function
1	$ m V_{DD}$	Power Supply
2	N Vout	Output2
3	S Vout	Output1
4	N.C	N.C
5	$V_{SS}$	Ground
6	SPD	Set pin
7	PAD	Ground

5. (For reference only) Land pattern

