

MH168 Hall-effect sensor is a temperature stable, stress-resistant sensor. Superior high-temperature performance is made possible through a dynamic offset cancellation that utilizes chopper-stabilization. This method reduces the offset voltage normally caused by device over molding, temperature dependencies, and thermal stress.

MH168 includes the following on a single silicon chip: voltage regulator, Hall voltage generator, small-signal amplifier, chopper stabilization, Schmitt trigger, Advanced DMOS wafer fabrication processing is used to take advantage of low-voltage requirements, component matching, very low input-offset errors, and small component geometries.

This device requires the presence of both south and north polarity magnetic fields for operation. In the presence of a south polarity field of sufficient strength, the device output sensor on, and only switches off when a north polarity field of sufficient strength is present.

MH168 is rated for operation between the ambient temperatures -40°C to 125°C for the K temperature range. The two package styles available provide magnetically optimized solutions for most applications. Package SO is a SOT-23, a miniature low-profile surface-mount package, while package UA is a three-lead ultra mini SIP for through-hole mounting.

Packages is Halogen Free standard and which have been verified by third party lab.


Features and Benefits

- DMOS Hall IC Technology.
- Reverse bias protection on power supply pin.
- Chopper stabilized amplifier stage.
- Optimized for BLDC motor applications.
- Reliable and low shifting on high Temp condition.
- Switching offset compensation at typically 69 kHz.
- Good ESD Protection.
- 100% tested at 125°C for K.
- Custom sensitivity / Temperature selection are available.
- RoHS compliant 2011/65/EU and Halogen Free

Applications

- High temperature Fan motor
- 3 phase BLDC motor application
- Speed sensing
- Position sensing
- Current sensing
- Revolution counting
- Solid-State Switch
- Linear Position Detection
- Angular Position Detection
- Proximity Detection
- High ESD Capability

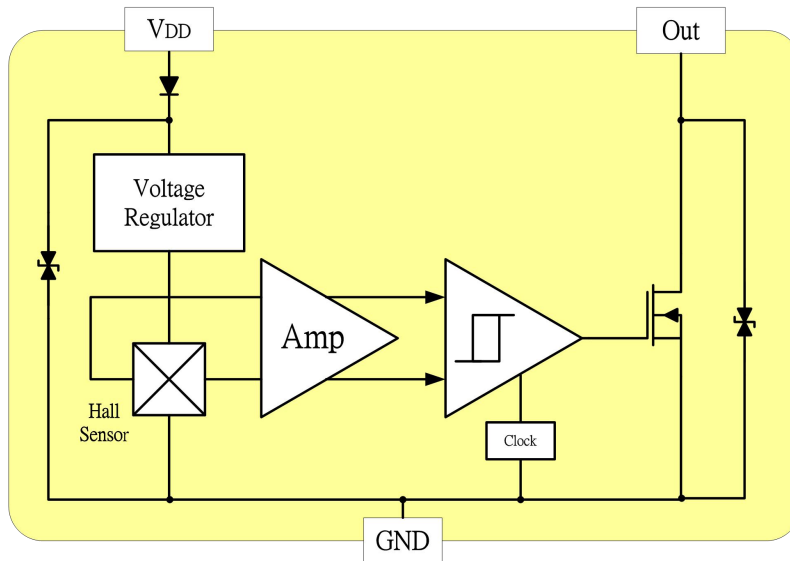
Ordering Information

	<p>Company Name and Product Category MH:MST Hall Effect/MP:MST Power IC</p> <p>Part number 181,182,183,184,185,248,249,276,477,381,381F,381R,382..... If part # is just 3 digits, the forth digit will be omitted.</p> <p>Temperature range E: 85 °C, I: 105 °C, K: 125 °C, L: 150 °C</p> <p>Package type UA:TO-92S,VK:TO-92S(4pin),VF:TO-92S(5pin),SO:SOT-23, SQ:QFN-3,ST:TSOT-23,SN:SOT-553,SF:SOT-89(5pin), SS:TSOT-26,SD:DFN-6</p> <p>Sorting α, β, Blank.....</p>
<p>Sorting Code</p> <p>Package type</p> <p>Temperature Code</p> <p>Part number</p> <p>Company Name and product Category</p>	

Part No.	Temperature Suffix	Package Type
MH168KUA	K (-40°C to + 125°C)	UA (TO-92S)
MH168KSO	K (-40°C to + 125°C)	SO (SOT-23)
MH168KSM	K (-40°C to + 125°C)	SM (DFN1.6*1.6-6L)

KUA spec is using in industrial and automotive application. Special Hot Testing is utilized.

Functional Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings At ($T_a=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$)

Characteristics	Values	Unit	
Supply voltage, (V_{DD})	27	V	
Output Voltage, (V_{out})	27	V	
Reverse voltage, (V_{DD})	-27/-0.3	V	
Output current, (I_{out})	40	mA	
Operating Temperature Range, (T_a)	-40 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$	
Storage temperature range, (T_s)	-50 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$	
Maximum Junction Temp, (T_j)	125	$^\circ\text{C}$	
Thermal Resistance	(θ_{ja}) UA / SO / SM	206 / 543 / 250	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
	(θ_{jc}) UA / SO / SM	148 / 410 / 50	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Package Power Dissipation, (P_D) UA / SO/ SM	606 / 230 / 500	mW	

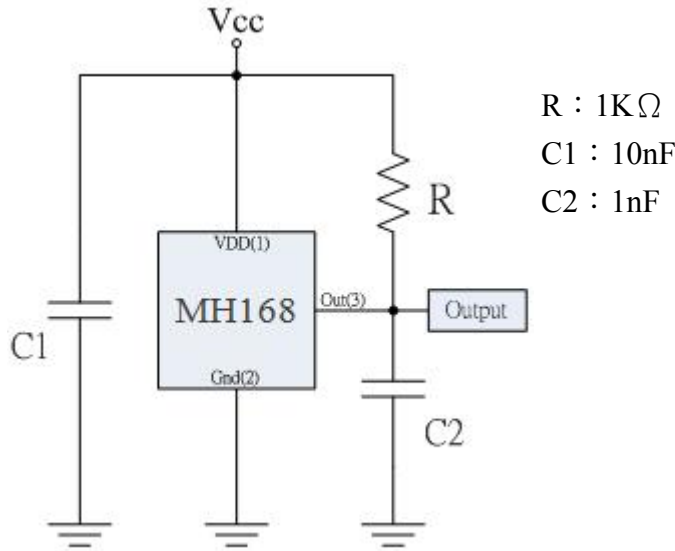
Note: Do not apply reverse voltage to V_{DD} and V_{OUT} Pin, It may be caused for Miss function or damaged device.

Electrical Specifications

DC Operating Parameters : $T_A=+25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD}=12\text{V}$

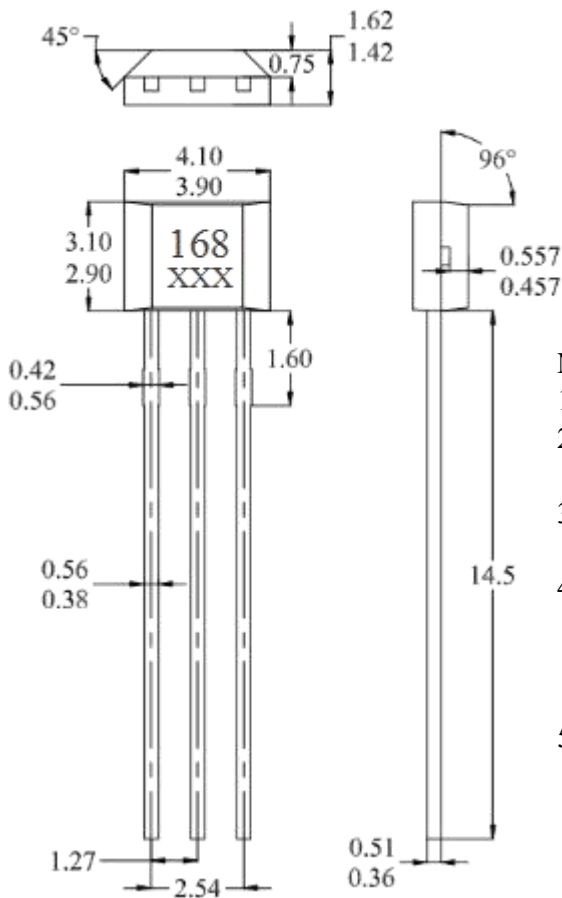
Parameters	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Supply Voltage, (V_{DD})	Operating	2.5		26.0	V
Supply Current, (I_{DD})	B<BOP		1.6		mA
Output Saturation Voltage, (V_{sat})	$I_{out}=20\text{mA}$, B>BOP			400.0	mV
Output Leakage Current, (I_{off})	I_{OFF} B<B _{RP} , $V_{OUT} = 12\text{V}$			10.0	μA
Power-On Time, (T_{PO})	Power-On		0.05	0.10	μs
Output Response Time, (T_{RES})	Operating		0.30	0.65	mS
Output Switch Frequency, (F_{SW})	Operating	40			kHz
Output Rise Time, (T_R)	$R_L=1\text{K}\Omega$, $C_L=20\text{pF}$		0.5		μs
Output Fall Time, (T_F)	$R_L=1\text{K}\Omega$; $C_L=20\text{pF}$		0.02		μs
Electro-Static Discharge	HBM	6			KV
Operate Point, (B_{OP})	UA、SM (SO)	10(-30)		30(-10)	Gauss
Release Point, (B_{RP})	UA、SM (SO)	-30(10)		-10(30)	Gauss
Hysteresis, (B_{HYS})			40		Gauss

Typical application circuit

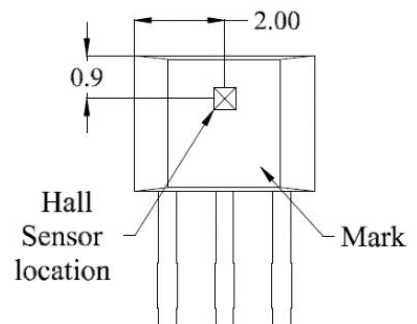


Sensor Location, Package Dimension and Marking

UA Package

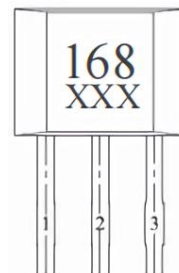


Hall Chip location



Output Pin Assignment

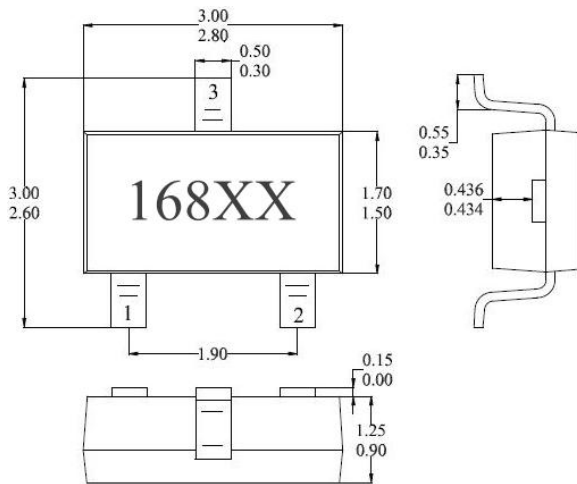
(Top view)



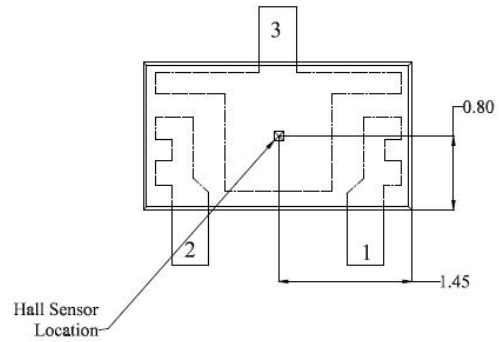
NOTES:

1. Controlling dimension: mm
2. Leads must be free of flash and plating voids
3. Do not bend leads within 1 mm of lead to package interface.
4. PINOUT:
 Pin 1 VDD
 Pin 2 GND
 Pin 3 Output
5. XXX; 1st X=Year;
 2nd and 3rd XX=Week

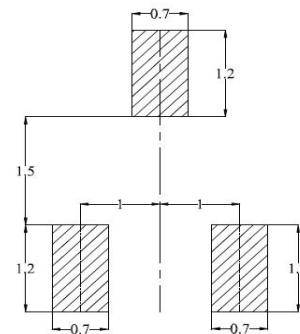
Package (SOT-23)
(Top View)



Hall Plate Chip Location
(Bottom view)



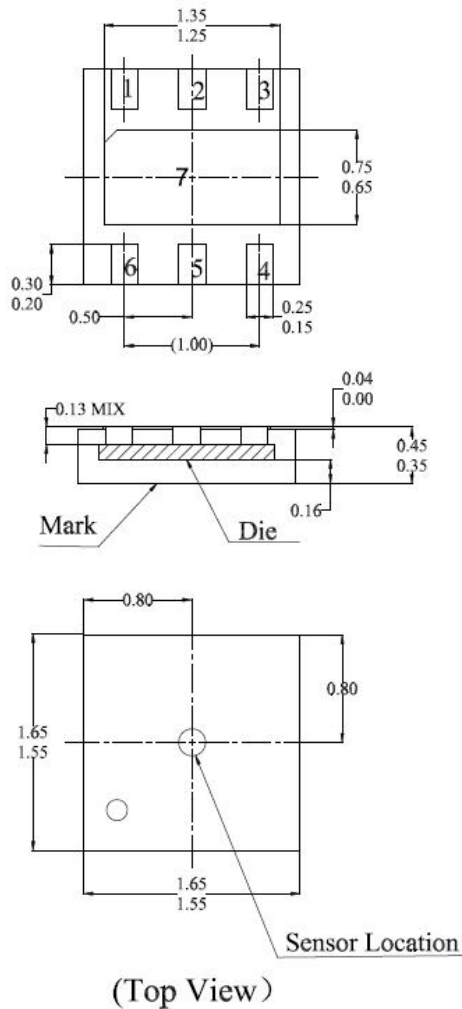
(For reference only) Land Pattern



NOTES:

1. PINOUT (See Top View at left :)
Pin 1 :V_{DD}; Pin 2: Output ; Pin 3 GND
2. Controlling dimension: mm
3. Lead thickness after solder plating will be 0.254mm maximum
4. XX: Date Code, Refer to DC table

SM Package (Bottom View)



NOTES:

- Controlling dimension: mm
- Leads must be free of flash and plating voids
- Lead thickness after solder plating will be 0.254mm maximum
- PINOUT:

Pin No.	Pin Name	Function
1	V _{DD}	Power Supply
2	N.C	N.C
3	V _{OUT}	Output
4	N.C	N.C
5	V _{SS}	Ground
6	N.C	N.C
7	N.C	N.C

- (For reference only) Land pattern

